

Life-Threatening Allergy Protocol

1. Anaphylaxis Procedure - Keep an emergency epinephrine auto-injector where it can be reached quickly.

How to use Auvi-Q (Epinephrine Injection, USP), Kaleo

1. Remove Auvi-Q from the outer case.
2. Pull off red safety guard.
3. Place black end of Auvi-Q against the middle of the outer thigh.
4. Press firmly, and hold in place for 5 seconds.
5. Call 911 and get emergency medical help right away.

How to use EpiPen, EpiPen Jr and Authorized generic of EpiPen, Mylan

1. Remove from clear carrier tube.
2. Grasp with the auto-injector in your fist with the orange tip (needle end) pointing downward.
3. With your other hand, remove the blue safety release by pulling straight up.
4. Swing and push the auto-injector firmly into the middle of the outer thigh until it 'clicks'.
5. Hold firmly in place for 3 seconds (count slowly 1, 2, 3).
6. Remove and massage the injection area for 10 seconds.
7. Call 911 and get emergency help right away.

How to use Impax Epinephrine Injection (authorized generic of Adrenaclick), USP Auto-injector, Impax Laboratories

1. Remove epinephrine auto-injector from its protective carrying case
2. Pull off both blue end caps: you will now see a red tip.
3. Grasp the auto-injector in your fist with the red tip pointing downward.
4. Put the red tip against the middle of the outer thigh at a 90-degree angle, perpendicular to the thigh.
5. Press down hard and hold firmly against the thigh for approximately 10 seconds.
6. Remove and massage the area for 10 seconds.
7. Call 911 and get emergency medical help right away.

2. Parents will notify the school nurse by providing an allergy plan if a student has identified allergies.

3. The parent will bring medication to the school to have available in the event of an allergic reaction. A medication permission form or allergy emergency action plan must be completed and signed by the parent and the student's medical provider on an annual basis.

4. The school nurse will notify the school staff via a medical alert and/or allergy plan of any student identified with known allergies.

5. The allergy medication for a specific student will be sent with the student or appropriate staff if the student leaves the building on a field trip.

6. The school administrative unit may supply each school building with an epinephrine auto-injector for students with unknown allergies who present with a life-threatening situation.

7. The school administrative unit will be called whenever an epinephrine auto-injector is used and every attempt will be made to notify a student's parent.
8. School personnel should be trained annually in the care of the student with allergies.
9. Peanut/Nut Safe tables will be offered to students at HES and HMS. Students at HES should sit with their whole class at a peanut/nut safe table daily. HMS students may choose to sit at the peanut/nut safe table.
10. Students at HES with documented potentially life threatening food allergies should be placed in a peanut/nut safe room. Teachers should send out a letter in the summer to provide education to parents of students in those classes. School nurse should provide education to teachers of peanut/nut safe classrooms as needed. School nurse should provide education to students in peanut/nut safe classes as needed.
11. Students at HMS and HHS with documented potentially life threatening food allergies should be placed in regular classrooms. School nurse should provide education to students as needed regarding how to decrease the chances of exposure to allergens in the classroom.